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use in paragraphs (d)(2)(i), (d)(2)(ii)(A), and (d)(3) of this section; for boluses in paragraph (a)(2) of this section and powder in paragraph (a)(3) of this section for conditions of use in paragraph (d)(1) of this section; and for syrup in paragraph (a)(4) of this section for conditions of use in paragraphs (d)(2)(i) and (d)(2)(ii)(A).

- (c) Special considerations. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.
- (d) Conditions of use. It is used as follows:
- (1) Cattle—(i) Amount. 1 to 2 mg per pound (/lb) body weight using powder, or one 2-g bolus per animal, per day.
- (ii) *Indications for use*. For treatment of physiological parturient edema of the mammary gland and associated structures.
- (iii) Limitations. Treatment not to exceed 48 hours post-parturition. Milk taken during treatment and for 48 hours after the last treatment must not be used for food. Cattle must not be slaughtered for food within 48 hours following last treatment.
- (2) Dogs—(i) Amount. 1 to 2 mg/lb body weight, once or twice daily.
- (ii) Indications for use—(A) For treatment of edema (pulmonary congestion, ascites) associated with cardiac insufficiency and acute noninflammatory tissue edema.
- (B) For treatment of edema (pulmonary congestion, ascites) associated with cardiac insufficiency.
- (3) Cats—(i) Amount. 1 to 2 mg/lb body weight, once or twice daily.
- (ii) *Indications for use*. For treatment of edema (pulmonary congestion, ascites) associated with cardiac insufficiency and acute noninflammatory tissue edema.

[66 FR 47960, Sept. 17, 2001]

§ 520.1044 Gentamicin sulfate oral dosage forms.

§ 520.1044a Gentamicin sulfate oral solution.

- (a) Specifications. Each milliliter of aqueous solution contains gentamicin sulfate equivalent to 50 milligrams of gentamicin.
- (b) Sponsor. See Nos. 000061 and 051259 in \$510.600(c) of this chapter.

- (c) Related tolerances. See §556.300 of this chapter.
- (d) Conditions of use—(1) Amount. Colibacillosis: 1 milliliter per 2 gallons of drinking water for 3 consecutive days, to provide 0.5 milligram/pound/day; swine dysentery: 1 milliliter per 1 gallon of drinking water for 3 consecutive days, to provide 1.0 milligram/pound/day.
- (2) Indications for use. In weanling swine for control and treatment of colibacillosis caused by strains of *E. coli* sensitive to gentamicin, and in swine for control and treatment of swine dysentery associated with *Treponema hyodysenteriae*.
- (3) Limitations. For use in swine drinking water only. Do not store or offer medicated drinking water in rusty containers since the drug is quickly destroyed in such containers. Medicated drinking water should be prepared daily and be the sole source of drinking water for 3 consecutive days. Treatment may be repeated if dysentery recurs. Do not slaughter treated swine for food for at least 3 days following treatment.

[48 FR 10302, Mar. 11, 1983. Redesignated at 49 FR 572, Jan. 5, 1984, and amended at 49 FR 14332, Apr. 11, 1984; 52 FR 7832, Mar. 13, 1987; 62 FR 34169, June 25, 1997]

§ 520.1044b Gentamicin sulfate pig pump oral solution.

- (a) Specifications. Each milliliter of pig pump oral solution contains gentamicin sulfate equivalent to 4.35 milligrams of gentamicin.
- (b) *Sponsor*. See Nos. 000061 and 059130 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Related tolerances. See §556.300 of this chapter.
- (d) Conditions of use—(1) Amount. Administer 1.15 milliliters of pig pump oral solution (5 milligrams of gentamicin) orally per pig one time.
- (2) Indications for use. In neonatal swine 1 to 3 days of age for control and treatment of colibacillosis caused by strains of E. coli sensitive to gentamicin.
- (3) Limitations. For use in neonatal swine only. Do not slaughter treated swine for food for at least 14 days following treatment.
- $[49~\mathrm{FR}~572,\,\mathrm{Jan.}~5,\,1984,\,\mathrm{as}$ amended at 52 FR 7832, Mar. 13, 1987; 62 FR 29011, May 29, 1997]